

RapidChain:Scaling Blockchain via Full Sharding

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Outlines

- Background
- Protocol
- Evaluation
- Conclusion

Background

🔹 POW and/or POS

- Low transaction throughput
- High latency
- Poor energy efficiency
- Centralization

• Committee-Based Consensus

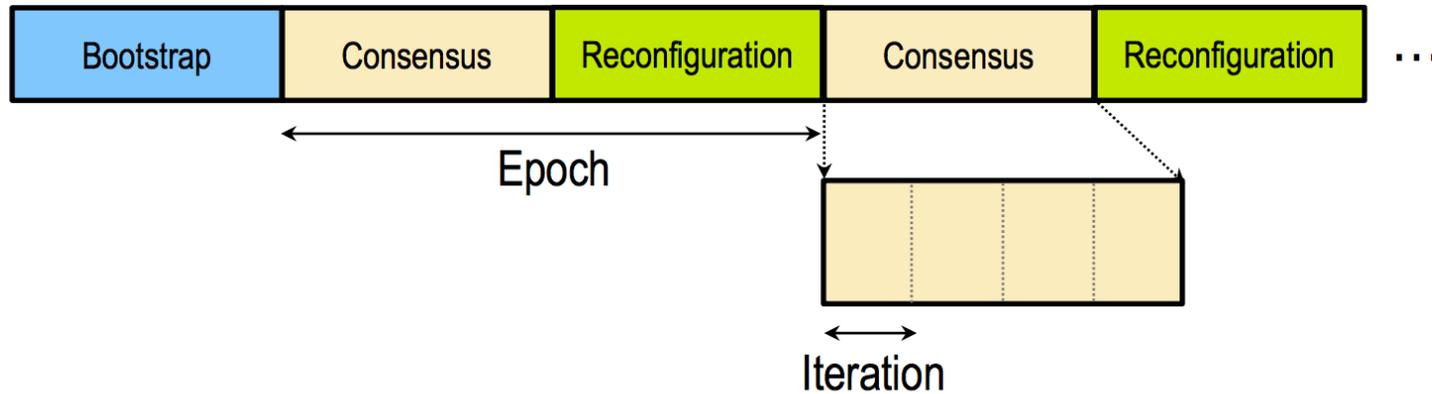
- Introduced to reduce the complexity of Byzantine agreement
- Fully connected networks with only a sublinear per-node overhead
- Only theoretically, not practically

Background

- Algorand
 - Randomly select committee members by balance
 - Refresh committee for every consensus
 - Insecure randomness
- Sharding-based Consensus
 - RSCoin
 - Elastico
 - OmniLedger
- Synchronous Consensus
- Information Dispersal Algorithms

Protocol

- Bootstrapping
- Consensus
- Reconfiguration



BootsTrapping

- Root group.
 - Running committee election protocol to select a root group.
- Reference Committee
 - Root group generating a sequence of random bits to establish a reference committee
- Establish Committees
 - Reference committee are responsible to create committees

Consensus

- Gossip
 - Divides M into k chunks $M_1 M_2 M_3 \dots M_k$
 - Give chunks to neighbors equally
 - Message should be able to be reconstructed
- Remarks Synchronous Consensus
 - Run on small number of nodes
 - Size of message to agree is small
 - Latency of each round of consensus is also small
 - High resiliency ($1/2$)

Consensus

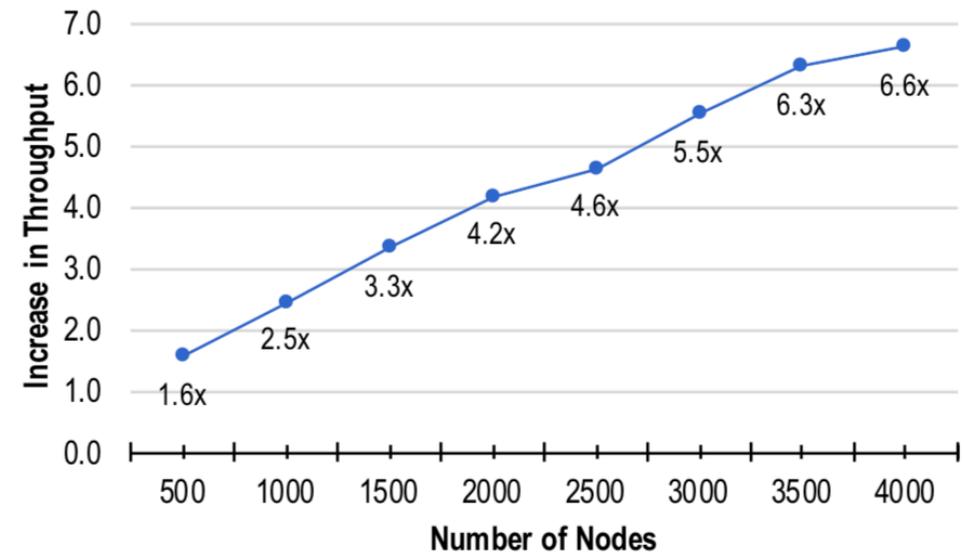
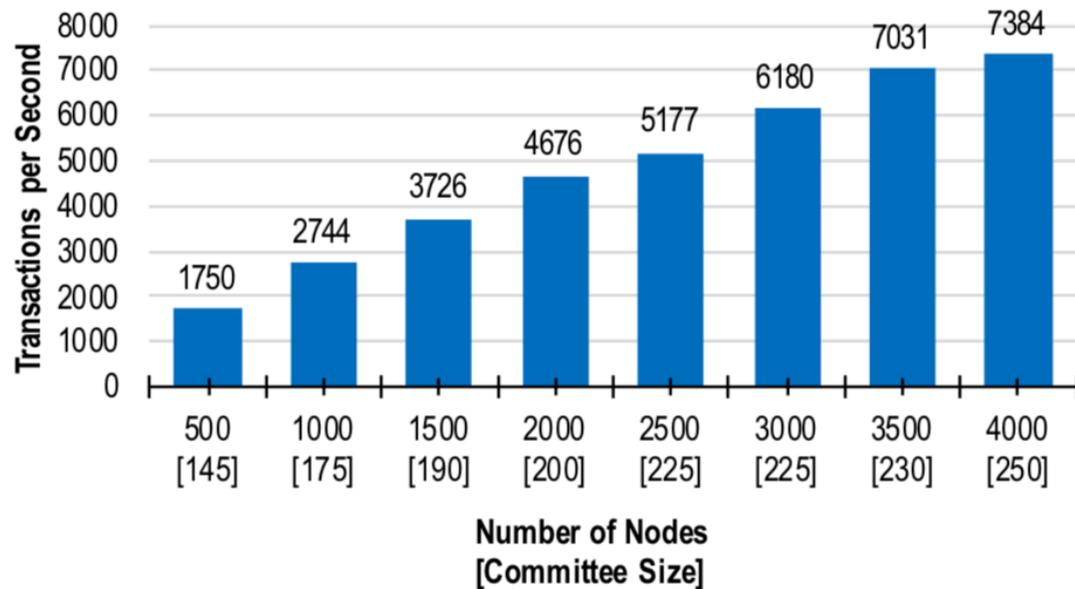
- Cross-Shard Transaction
 - Each tx has a unique identity
 - If the input is unspent
 - If the sum of outputs is less than the inputs
 - Transactions are partitioned based on tx id.
 - No proof attached to tx
 - On cross shard transaction will be split into 3

Reconfiguration

- Offline PoW
 - Rely on Pow to protect against Sybil
 - Reference committee is responsible to verify PoW result
- Randomness Generation
 - Reference Committee run a Distributed random generation protocol
- Cukoo Rule
 - Randomly assign new node
 - Assign a number of members in the committee to another committee

Evaluation

- Committee Size



Evaluation

- Storage

Protocol	Network Size	Storage
Elastico [47]	1,600 nodes	2,400 MB (estimated)
OmniLedger [42]	1,800 nodes	750 MB (estimated)
RapidChain	1,800 nodes	267 MB
RapidChain	4,000 nodes	154 MB

Conclusion

- 1/3 resilient sharding-based blockchain protocol
- Highly scalable
- Committee based network and storage
- Scales smoothly to the size up to 4000 nodes

Thank you!